Total number of printed pages-11

34 (2) ELTH 2.4

2018

ELECTROTHERAPY

Full Marks: 100

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- I. Essay type: (Answer any two out of three) $10 \times 2 = 20$
 - (a) Define US. Explain in details about the production of US. Write in details about the principles and methods of application of US.
 - (b) Define SD curve. Explain the procedure for plotting SD curve and mention its significance.
 - (c) Define TENS. Classify them. Write in details about the physiological and therapeutic effects of TENS. Indications and Contraindications of TENS.

Contd.

II. Short Essay Type: (Answer **any ten**): 10×5=50

- (a) Define IRR. Classify IRR generators. Write in details about the effects of IRR.
- (b) Explain the various methods of application of IFT. Write its physiological and therapeutic effects.
- (c) What is LASER? Indications and contraindications of LASER.
- (d) Define Contrast bath. Write in details about the therapeutic effects along with the indications and contraindications.
- (e) Define SWD. Explain the principles of production of SWD with diagram. Dangers of SWD.
- (f) What is Whirlpool Bath? Write in details about the methods of application and its therapeutic uses.
- (g) Define Cyclotherm. Write in details about the therapeutic uses. Mention indications of Cyclotherm.

- (h) What is Wax bath? Write in details about the various methods of applications. Indications of Wax bath.
- (i) What is Faradic type Current? Explain its physiological effects of Faradic type current. Indications of Faradic type current.
- (j) Write in details about Nerve Conduction Velocity studies.
- (k) What is UVR? Write the standard doses of UVR. Explain treatment of Psoriasis with UVR.
- (l) Define biofeedback. Write the role of biofeedback in physiotherapy.
- III. Short answer type: (Answer **any five** out of seven) $2\times 5=10$
 - (a) What is Rheobase and Chronaxie?
 - (b) What is Russian current and its benefits?
 - (c) What is PEME? Mention its use.

- (d) Mention few factors which decreases the efficiency of US.
- (e) Indications of Ice pack.
- (f) Name some superficial heating modalities.
- (g) What is electric shock? What are the causes of electric shock?
- IV. Multiple choice questions : (Attempt *all*)

 1×20=20
 - (1) 'Lewis's Hunting reaction:
 - (a) the effect on circulation of applying US to the skin.
 - (b) the effect on circulation of applying ICE to the skin.
 - (c) the effect on circulation of applying IFT to the skin.
 - (d) None of the above.

- (2) Intensity of US is measured in
 - (a) Watts/cm²
 - (b) Watts/m²
 - (c) Joules/cm²
 - (d) Kilowatt.
- (3) Wax bath should be maintained at a temperature of:
 - (a) 30-50°
 - (b) 40-60°
 - (c) 40-44°
 - (d) None of the above.
- (4) Fluidotherapy is:
 - (a) heating and cooling apparatus
 - (b) stainless steel tanks or baths of various sizes
 - (c) form of dry heating with tiny cellulose particles
 - (d) non-invasive analgesic technique.

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(5)	Le	Lenz's law:		UVB wavelength is:		
	(a,	EMF		(a) 2	280-315 nm	
	(b)	EMG	,	(b) 3	315-400 nm	
	(c)	ECG		<i>(c)</i> 1	below 280 nm	
	(d)	EEG.		(d) a	above 400 <i>nm</i> .	
(6) ;		polarized state the nerve is not rmeable to		Capa	Capacitor is also known as:	
	(a)	Sodium		(a) I	Dielectric	
	(b)	Potassium		(b) (Condenser	
	(c)	Calcium		(c) \	Variable capacitor	
	(d)	Iron.		(d) I	None of the above.	
7)	Cav	avitation is result of			Penetration depth for <i>He-Ne</i> Laser (R light) is:	
, r	(a)	Insonation		(a) 1	1·5 – 2·5 mm	
	(b)	Ionization		(b) 1	1 – 4 <i>mm</i>	
	(c)	Iontophoresis		(c) 1	1 – 2 mm	
	(d)	Phonophoresis.		(d)	1·5 – 3·5 mm.	
				4.00		

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(11)		nophoresis uses energy to e into tissues.	(14) N	Mar	k space ratio is in
	(a)	current/molecules	(6	a)	US
	(b)	current/ions	(b)	IFT
•	(c)	acoustic/ions	(6	(c)	TENS
	(d)	acoustic/molecules.	(6	d)	LASER.
(12)	area is p	ve electrode is placed over the target a and a second dispersive electrode laced at another site away from the et area:	a		rgy required to change the state of abstance is called as Kinetic energy
	(a)	Russian current	(1	b)	Latent heat
	(b)	Bipolar technique	, (0	c)	Potential energy
8	(c)	Monopolar technique	(0	d)	Chemical energy.
(13)		Quadripolar technique. types of muscle fibers mostly vated by electrical stimulation are	r		rowaves are electromagnetic ations that lie between radiowaves :
	(a)	Type I fibers	(0	a)	X-ray
	(b)	Type II A fibers	(I	b)	IRR
	(c)	Type IIB fibers	(0	c)	UVR
b ,	(d)	None of the above.	(0	d)	Gamma rays.
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- (17) Faradic type contraction:
 - (a) tetanic like contraction
 - (b) tetanic contraction
 - (c) both
 - (d) none of the above.
- (18) Electromyogram:
 - (a) Monitoring and to change range of movement used
 - (b) Monitoring and to increase and decrease muscle activity
 - (c) Measuring or increasing grip strength
 - (d) None of the above.
- (19) Twin spike:
 - (a) TENS
 - (b) Faradic current
 - (c) Galvanic current
 - (d) High voltage pulsed current.

(20) Step-up transformer:

- (a) number of turns in the secondary coil is twice that in the primary
- (b) number of turns in the secondary coil is equal to the primary
- (c) number of turns of wire in primary coil is more than the secondary
- (d) number of turns in primary and secondary is same.