Total number of printed pages-9

34 (2) EXTH 2·3

2021 (Held in 2022)

EXERCISE THERAPY

Full Marks: 100

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- I. Essay type questions: (any two out of three) $10 \times 2 = 20$
- 1. Define Goniometer. Write down its principle, types, uses and limitation. Describe the elbow joint goniometric measurement.
- 2. Define aerobic exercise. Write down the physiological response to aerobic exercise. List down the determinants of an exercise program.

Contd.

- 3. Define stretching. Write down the various techniques of stretching. Explain its precaution and contraindication.
- II. Short essay type: (any ten out of twelve)

 5×10=50
- 1. Explain free exercise of knee joint.
- 2. Write down the physiological effects of massage.
- 3. Explain all the five fundamental position.
- 4. Describe the measurement techniques for auxiliary crutch.
- 5. Write a note on the value of group exercise.
- 6. Describe the different sensory test.
- 7. What is incoordination? Explain equilibrium and non-equilibrium tests.
- 8. What is open chain and close chain of dynamic exercise? Explain the principles of resisted exercise.

- 9. Write a short note on balance.
- 10. Define PNF. Write down the principle of PNF.
- 11. Write a short note on hydrotherapy.
- 12. Define suspension therapy. Write down its types and uses.
- III. Short answer type: (any five out of seven)

 2×5=10
- 1. Define power, endurance and speed.
- 2. Explain the measurement of limb length.
- 3. What are the orders or classes of lever?
- 4. Explain the indication and contraindication of mobilization.
- 5. Explain the grades of MMT.
- 6. Write down Maitland's grade of mobilization.
- 7. Define Yoga and Asanas.

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IV. Multiple Choice Questions:

1×20=20

- 1. Purpose of mobility is the following excluding
 - (a) prevention of disease atrophy
 - (b) prevention of contractures
 - (c) prevention of pressure sores
 - (d) prevention of hypertension
- 2. Rehabilitation is the phase of medical care immediately after
 - (a) preventive phase
 - (b) acute phase
 - (c) curative phase
 - (d) surgical phase
- 3. Following are the methods to reduce spasticity except
 - (a) application of crushed or shaved ice
 - (b) apply reflex inhibiting postures
 - (c) joint compression
 - (d) giving various stimuli to stimulate sensory cortex

- 4: If the quadriceps leg is present, what is the power of the knee extensors?
 - (a) 1
 - (b) 2
 - (c) > 2 and < 3
 - (d) 3
- 5. Types of percussion include the following except
 - (a) hacking
 - (b) petrissage
 - (c) tapping
 - (d) cupping
- 6. Patellofemoral inferior glide increases the
 - (a) knee extension ROM
 - (b) knee flexion ROM
 - (c) ankle dorsiflexion
 - (d) None of the above
- 7. For the dorsiflexion of ankle joint the axis of goniometer is on
 - (a) lateral epicondyle
 - (b) lateral malleolus
 - (c) medial malleolus
 - (d) medial epicondyle

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- 8. Shadow walking is a type of
 - (a) Normal gait
 - (b) NWB gait
 - (c) ZWB gait
 - (d) PWB gait
- 9. The principle of Frenkel exercise
 - (a) concentration
 - (b) precision
 - (c) repetition
 - (d) All of the above
- 10. What do you mean by plastic region?
 - (a) The point on the stress axis where fatigue occurs.
 - (b) Region where material will deform proportional to load and maintain the deformation.
 - (c) The point where the material will return back to its original position when load is removed.
 - (d) None of the above.

- 11. Push-up is an example of:
 - (a) closed kinematic chain
 - (b) active free weight-bearing exercise
 - (c) resisted exercise
 - (d) open kinematic chain

12. Fixators

- (a) muscle which works to steady the origin of the prime movers
- (b) muscle which bring about the movement by their contraction
- (c) muscle which are opposing group2
- (d) All of the above
- 13. Which of the following is the techniques of assisted exercise?
 - (a) Traction and support.
 - (b) Starting position, pattern of movement and fixation.
 - (c) Repetitions and assisting force.
 - (d) All of the above.

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14.	If ba	alance is the rehabilitation goal which cise programme is preferred
	(a)	weight machine
	(b)	free machine
	(c)	traction

- 15. Choose the correct progression of ambulation by a pair of axillary crutches.
 - (a) 2 point, 3 point, 4 point

(d) pulley or cam machine

- (b) 4 point, 3 point, 2 point
- (c) 3 point, 4 point, 2 point
- (d) 2 point, 4 point, 3 point
- 16. While walking with unilateral stick it should be placed in the
 - (a) same side of the affected limb
 - (b) opposite side of the affected limb
 - (c) in any of the side
 - (d) None of the above
- 17. Heat-transfers increases with
 - (a) intensity
 - (b) cold
 - (c) rest
 - (d) velocity

- 18. _____ joint has got one degree of freedom.
 (a) Ankle
 (b) Elbow
 (c) Interphalangeal
 (d) All of the above
 19. In Dapre the base repetition maximum is _____.
 (a) 10RM
 (b) 1RM
 (c) 6RM
- 20. For thoracic and lumbar rotation the fulcrum placement
 - (a) center of the cranial aspect of head
 - (b) spinous process of tin

3RM

(d)

- (c) spinous process of L₅
- (d) subjects acromion process