2014

ORTHOPAEDICS & SPORTS PHYSIOTHERAPY

Full Marks: 100

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Essay Type: (Answer any two out of three)

 $2 \times 10 = 20$.

- (a) A 30-year old patient complaining of neck pain with radiating pain to right upper limb. Write physiotherapy assessment in detail along with physiotherapy management with necessary ergonomic advices.
- (b) Discuss assessment and physiotherapy management with rehabilitation protocol of a patient undergone Total Hip Replacement.

Contd.

(c) Discuss physiotherapy assessment an management in detail for ankylosa spondylitis.

Short Essay Type : (Answer any ten out of twelve) $10 \times 5 = 50$

- 2. (a) Explain various types of foot deformities.
 - (b) Discuss physiotherapy management following ankle sprain.
 - (c) Discuss about sacro-illiac joint dysfunction and physiotherapy management for the same.
 - (d) TB spine and physiotherapy management for a patient undergone spinal decompression the same.
 - (e) Volkman's Ischaemic Contracture and its F Management.
 - (f) Reflex sympathetic Dystrophy tar physiotherapy management for the same.
 - (g) Discuss designing of footwear an modifications.

- (h) Explain about different types of shoulder dislocations. Write physiotherapy management following anterior shoulder dislocation.
- (i) Discuss about various spinal orthosis and its indications.
- (j) Describe physiotherapy management following patellectomy.
- (k) Spinal canal stenosis and its physiotherapy management.
- (1) Discuss physiotherapy management for planter fascitis.

Short Answer Type : (Answer any five out of seven) $5\times2=10$

- 3. (a) Hoffa's syndrome
 - (b) Effects of Spinal traction
 - (c) Contracture and its types.
 - (d) Avascular Necrosis.
 - (e) Mckenzie Exercise Regime

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Contd.

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- (f) Perthes disease.
- (g) Upper limb tension tests.

MCQ:

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

- 4. (i) Causes of nonunion of fracture include
 - (a) Inadequate fixation
 - (b) Adequate fixation
 - (c) Not enough calcium in diet
 - (d) Over-supply of calcium in diet.
 - (ii) Denis-Brown splint is used for the correction of
 - (a) Talipes equino varus
 - (b) Talipes calcaneo valgus
 - (c) Talipes valgus
 - (d) All of the above.

- (iii) Idiopathic scoliosis treatment depends primarily upon
 - (a) Surgery after the curvature has 9 used
 - (b) Brace the spine for 2 years
 - (c) Use a cast prior to surgery
 - (d) Diagnosis with relative skeletal maturity.
- (iv) Postural deviation resulting from untreated congenital hip dislocation includes
 - (a) Forward tilting of pelvis
 - (b) Increased lumber lordosis
 - (c) Lumber spine deviates towards the affected side
 - (d) All of the above.

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- (v) The etiology of congenital dysplasia of hip is
 - (a) Trauma during birth
 - (b) Viral infection
 - (c) Inadequate nutrition
 - (d) None of above.
- (vi) Milkman's fracture is seen in
 - (a) Periosteis
 - (b) Osteomalacia
 - (c) Osteoporosis
 - (d) None of the above.
- (vii) Meralgia parasthetica is due to compression of
 - (a) Tibial nerve
 - (b) Lateral femoral cutaneous nerve
 - (c) Common peroneal nerve
 - (d) Femoral nerve.

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- (viii) Limitation of joint inflammation is known as
 - (a) Arthritis
 - (b) Ankylosed
 - (c) Arthrosis
 - (d) None of above.
- (ix) March fracture is
 - (a) Fracture of tarsal bone
 - (b) Complete metatarsal fracture
 - (c) Hairline fracture of metatarsal
 - (d) All the above.
- (x) The inorganic matrix of bone is

(a)
$$Ca_{10}(PO_4)_6(OH)_2$$

(b)
$$Ca_{10}(PO_4)_8(OH)_4$$

(c)
$$Ca_8(PO_4)_6(OH)_4$$

(d)
$$Ca_{8}(PO_{4})_{8}(OH)_{4}$$
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(xiv) Which of the following glides is given to

.*	(xi)	Minor's elbow refers to			e	improve shoulder external rotation?	
		(a)	Medial epicondylitis	• 1		(a)	A.P glide
		(b)	Tenosynovitis			(b)	PA glide
		(c)	Olecranon bursitis			(c)	Caudal glide
		(d)	None.	·		(d)	Both PA and caudal glide.
	(xii)	Fracture of upper half of ulna associated with anterior dislocation of radial head			(xv) ~		etitive microtrauma leading to eneration of tendon is called
		(a)	Galeazzi fracture	¥		(a)	Tendinitis
		(b)				(b)	Tenovaginitis
		(c)				(c)	Tenosynovitis
		(d)	None of the above.			(d)	Tendinosis
	(xiii)) Con	tracture which develops without any cific muscle pathology is	(xvi)	(xvi)	Kienbock's disease is	
					·	(a)	AVN of Scaphoid
		(a)	Arthrogenic contracture		(b)	AVM of lunate	
		<i>(b)</i>	Myostatic fracture	÷		(c)	Fracture of Scaphoid
		(c)	Pseudomyostatic fracture			(d)	None of the above.
		(d)	None of above.	34 (4) OSP	H 4·1/	G 9 Contd.
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(xvii) Osteogenesis imperfecta occurs due to

- (a) Deficiency of calcium
- (b) Defective collagen formation
- (c) Unossified cartilages
- (d) None of the above.

(xviii) Boston brace is used

- (a) Lordosis
- (b) Kyphosis
- (c) Scoliosis
- (d) Spinal fracture.

(xix) Presence of tenderness in quadriceps muscle corresponds to the nerve root irritation of

- (a) L_3
- (b) L₄
- (c) L_5
- (d) S_1 .

(xx) Faber's sign is used to rule out

- (a) Disc pathology of Lumbar spine
- (b) Hip joint pathology
- (c) SI joint pathology
- (d) All of the above.

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