SS/BSN-1/MIC/03-19

2019

(March)

MICROBIOLOGY

Full Marks: 75

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer all questions

1.	Fill in the blanks:	10x1=1	0
	(a) is known as father of Microbiology.	-	
	(b) is the organ of locomotion.		
	(c) stain is used to identify the Acid Fast Ba	cilli.	
	(d) Typhoid fever is diagnosed by test.		
	(e) is a sexually transmitted disease.		
	(f) Clostridium tetani is the cause of		
	(g) introduced the concept of vaccine.		
	(h) Immunoglobulin that can cross placental t	parrier i	is
	(i) is an example of live vaccine.		
	(j) The method of sterilization of milk is		

(Turn Over)

2.	Define the following terms:	5x1=5			
	(a) Microbiology (b) Antigen (c) Disinfection				
	(d) Agglutination (e) Vaccine				
3.	Write in brief: (any three)	3x3=9			
	(a) Koch's postulates				
	(b) Antigen - Antibody reaction				
	(c) Morphological classification of bacteria.				
	(d) Bacterial flagella.				
4.	Identify the differences between: (any four)	4x2=8			
	(a) Sterilization & Disinfection				
	(b) Active immunity & Passive immunity				
	(c) Antigen & Antibody				
	(d) Gram +ve & Gram -ve bacteria				
	(e) Eukaryote & Prokaryate				
5.	Write the following essays: (any two)	8x2=16			
	(a) Bacterial growth curve				
	(b) Hypersensitivity				
	(c) Physical methods of sterilization				
5.	Write short notes on the following: (any three)	5x3=15			
	(a) Culture media				
	(b) Laboratory diagnosis of Malaria				
•	(c) Nosocomial infection				
	(d) Importance of Microbiology for nurses.				
7,	Define Immunity. Classify Immunity. Explain the med				
	of finiate finitumes.	-4+6=12			
Or					
Name the bacteria causing tuberculosis. Explain its laboratory					

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spread of tuberculosis.

diagnosis. Write down the Preventive measures to control the

2+6+4=12